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High-performance Molecular Imprinted Sol-gel LSPR Array for Plant Volatile Organic Components Sensing

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## Plant Volatile Organic Compounds (PVOCs)

Extrafloral nectar attracts and nourishes a ts that defend the host plant against herbivore. This form of indirect defense can be inducible as well as constitutive.

Small beetles like *Chrysolina hyperici* can feed on VOC producing plants like mints, containing toxic compounds. Feeding activity alters the plant VOC emission.

Chewing herbivores like Spodoplera littoralis induce the plant emission of several monoterpenes, sesquiterpenes and homoterpenes that attract predatory wasps.

Insect-induced belowground plant signals include the emission of several sesquiterpenoids which strongly attracts an entomopathogenie nematodes Spider mite (*Tetranychus urticae*) reding activities induce VOCs that attract their predators (*Phytoseiulus persimilis*).

Flowers emit VOCs like

aliphatics, benzenoids, phenyl propanoids, monoand sesquiterpenes to attract pollinators.

Inique combinations of plant VOCs reproduced in response to attack by ifferent aphid species.

> Oviposition-induced plant volatiles and contact cues for host and prey location of parasitoids and predators.

Plant-bacteria interactions promote plant synthesis of sesquiterpenoid precursors that are eventually transformed into an array of chemically diverse VOCs

cf.) Massimo Maffei, Plant Physiology and development, The Plant Volatilome.

**Released from flowers, leaves, roots.** 

**Attract pollinators** 

**Plants self-protection** 

Spider mite

Small beetles

#### Act as wound sealers

**Attract predators** 

**Plant-plant communication** 







## Localized surface plasmon resonance (LSPR)





## Molecularly Imprinted Sol-gel (MISG)



# Concept



## MISG-LSPR sensor (AuNPs/MISG/AuNPs)



# Experiment



#### MISG-AuNPs

#### **MISG-AuNPs film fabrication**



# Experiment



#### Vapor generation and LSPR spectra testing system





■ Response of AuNPs@MISG-coated with 30-nm AuNPs was <u>6.33 times</u> that without NPs.

■ The diameter of the AuNPs on the substrate is close to that of the AuNPs in the MISG (30 nm).

■ The high sensitivity of the sensor was contributed by <u>hot-spot coupling</u>.



- Sensitivity of the sensors increased with the AuNP concentration firstly and then decreased.
- Sensor coated with the MISG containing 20  $\mu$ L of 30-nm AuNPs had the highest sensitivity.
- The thickness of the sensing film influences the sensitivity of LSPR sensors.
- Optimal spin coating speed was selected as <u>3000 rpm</u> in the present study.



- Response to CJ was higher than interfering PVOCs (Interference immunity).
- The limited of detection (LOD) was calculated as 3.07 ppm (S/N=3).
- The developed sensor has sufficient interference immunity for use in agricultural applications.



#### Sensor response matrix to PVOCs

#### **MISG-LSPR** sensor array



- By changing the flow rates (0.3, 0.5 and 0.7 L/min), PVOCs with different concentrations would be obtained.
- 72 samples (8 PVOCs × 3 flow rates × 3 repeats) were obtained in this study.
- All responses were scaled for former processing.

#### **Correlation matrix for channels**

	CH1	CH2	CH3	CH4	CH5	
CH1	1	0.06	-0.05	-0.17	-0.34	
CH2	0.06	1	0.53	0.31	0.06	
CH3	-0.05	0.53	1	0.59	0.1	
CH4	-0.17	0.31	0.59	1	0.51	
CH5	-0.34	0.06	0.1	0.51	1	

- Low correlation between each channels.
- More information can be obtained in MISG sensor array.



Mapping samples in PCA space and LDA space

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#### Models established by KNN, LDA, and NB.



# Conclusion



- An LSPR sensor coated with an MISG containing AuNPs to amplify the sensing signal was developed for PVOC detection.
- The sensitivity of the AuNPs@MISG-coated sensor was <u>12.33 times</u> higher than that of the sample without AuNPs.
- The real-time responses of the sensor displayed good <u>interference immunity</u> <u>and repeatability.</u>
- A five-channel AuNPs@MISG LSPR <u>sensor array</u> was designed to detect and identify <u>four plant VOCs alone and in binary mixtures</u>.
- KNN displayed high accuracy (96.03%), identifying plant VOCs quickly and efficiently.
  - This study may become a useful technology for agricultural applications.

# Thank you for your attention

